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The special officers of the SMA for the NDP have had a considerable influence on the nomination of NDP representatives to the Volkskongress. Dr. Bolz and Vincenz Müller have presented a list of names drawn up at a meeting of the executive committee of the NDP in Berlin Treptow. The Russians attach a great deal of importance to this list. The following men are close to Dr. Lothar Bolz and to Vincenz Müller:

1. Jonny Loehr, Ministerialdirektor in Schwerin. During the years after 1918, he attained a leading position among Communist circles in Lübeck and Kiel. During the period of the Nazi regime, he stayed in Moscow. He only maintains unofficial contact with his Communist friends. Whenever he visits Berlin, he stays with Walter Ulbricht.
2. Dr. Otto Korfes is at present at the head of the central Archives in Potsdam. A major general in the army, he commanded the 14th tank division. After being made prisoner at Stalingrad, he became one of the founders of the National Committee, and was particularly active as radio commentator and writing editorials for the newspaper "Freies Deutschland".
3. Egbert von Frankenberg und Proschlitz is at present the political secretary of the NDP in Dresden. He is also employed by the SMA to do special work. He was formerly a leader in the SA and a major in the army. He was one of the founders of the Society of German Officers (Bund Deutscher Offiziere) and was later active in the Moscow Broadcasting station and in the newspaper "Freies Deutschland".
4. Wilhelm Adam is now Oberregierungsrat in Dresden. Formerly a colonel on the general staff of the Sixth Army which surrendered at Stalingrad. He belonged to the National Committee, and towards the end of the war was very close to Paulus.
5. Heinrich Homann is a member of the managing committee of the NDP. He is on the editorial board of the newspaper "National Zeitung" and appears to serve as liaison between the NDP and the special officers of the SMA. During the war, he was originally a student, then became a career officer reaching the rank of major. After being made prisoner, he was very active in the National

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Committee and in the Society of German Officers. He visited different prison camps and was given special jobs of instruction. His private connections with Moscow and with different departments of the SMA are numerous. Within the NDP he has special tasks which are assigned to him by the MVD. Among other jobs, he is responsible for the five estates which the Russians have turned over to the NDP. The name of his father-in-law is Dittmer, who is connected with the "Verlag der Nation".

6. Max Schneider is now at the head of the so-called School for National Politics in Dückow, which is a party school under the supervision of the Russians. He is a close friend of Dr. Bolz whom he knew during the time when they were both in Russia. He also knew Homann during this time. It would appear that in Schneider's case it was not a question of a German officer being made prisoner then integrated into the National Committee, but rather the case of a man who was originally a Communist.
7. Gunther Ludwig, Police Commissioner in Weimar. An officer during the war, he was made prisoner and became a member of the National Committee. He came from a Communist family. He was hardly known until his nomination as NDP member on the list of the party executive committee.
8. Otto Zander is now one of the editors of the newspaper "National Zeitung". He was an officer and a district leader in the Hitler Youth. He was head of the press and cultural office of the Reichsjugendführung. During the course of the last few months he has developed a marked activity among his former friends, particularly among those residing in the western zone. His contacts, which are spread among the former officer group as well as among the former Hitler Youth groups, are often used for special work which is carried out by Zander, either indirectly through Homann or directly through the Russian authorities.

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